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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/040,778	01/02/2002	Kenneth Odell McElrath	97B029/5	3682
. 7	7590 12/05/2003		EXAM	INER
ExxonMobil Chemical Company			FISCHER, JUSTIN R	
P.O. Box 2149 Baytown, TX		·	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
,			1733	U
			DATE MAILED: 12/05/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

1		$\mathcal{O}($				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/040,778	MCELRATH ET A	AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
· .	Justin R Fischer	1733				
The MAILING DATE of this communication a	ppears on the cover sheet	with the correspondence ac	ddress			
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perion - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by stat - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	J. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may eply within the statutory minimum of od will apply and will expire SIX (6) N ute, cause the application to become	y a reply be timely filed thirty (30) days will be considered time MONTHS from the mailing date of this of a ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ely. communication.			
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02</u>	January 2002					
	is action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allow		latters, prosecution as to th	e merits is			
closed in accordance with the practice unde						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 16-30 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>16-30</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	.,					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	i/or election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		0 0 440() (1) (0				
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of:	ign priority under 35 U.S.	C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
1.☐ Certified copies of the priority docume	ents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority docume			l Ctoro			
 Copies of the certified copies of the prapplication from the International Bure 		en received in this National	i Stage			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a li	st of the certified copies r					
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome since a specific reference was included in the						
37 CFR 1.78.	mist sentence of the spec	incation of in an Application	i Data Sileet.			
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.						
14) △ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dome reference was included in the first sentence of						
Attachment(s)						
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		w Summary (PTO-413) Paper No				
P) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) B) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)		of Informal Patent Application (PT	O-152)			
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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 16-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Costemalle (US 5,376,438) and further in view of Gursky (US 5,532,312). Costemalle is directed to a pneumatic tire construction having a multi-layer tire sidewall, wherein said sidewall is formed of (i) an inner layer and (ii) an outer layer prepared from a blend of a rubber and a copolymer of an isoolefin, para-alkylstyrene, and bromo-alkylstyrene (Column 3, Lines 39-64). In describing the formulation of the outer layer of the tire sidewall, Costemalle suggests that the weight percent of para-alkylstyrene is between 1 and 20 and that the weight percent of the halogen (majority is in the form of bromoalkylstyrene when bromine is selected) is between 0 and 7.5 (Column 6, Lines 1-20). While Costemalle fails to expressly describe the claimed quantitative relationship between the amount of para-alkylstyrene and bromo-alkylstyrene, one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have found it obvious to form the outer sidewall layer with a formulation satisfying the claimed quantitative relationship in view of the ranges disclosed by Costemalle. It is clearly evident that the ranges of Costemalle describe a plurality of embodiments that satisfy the quantitative relationship of the claimed invention. Gursky is further applied to evidence that the general suggestion of

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the claimed quantitative relationship is recognized in the tire industry, in particular that the halogen content can be inversely proportionally to the para-alkylstyrene content as opposed to be being directly proportional as suggested by the Admitted Prior Art (Page 2, Lines 18+), such that one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have found it obvious to select a rubber formulation satisfying the claimed quantitative relationship (Column 14, Lines 5-16). Lastly, applicant has not provided a conclusive showing of unexpected results to establish a criticality for a rubber formulation satisfying the claimed quantitative relationship.

It is emphasized that Gursky describes a pair of rubber formulations in which the alkylstyrene content is increased while the brominated alkylstyrene content is decreased. This represents an inverse relationship between the respective components of the rubber formulation as required by the claimed quantitative relationship. It is further noted that Gursky describes additional experiments in which the amount of bromine is constant while the amount of alkylstyrene is increased (Table V and VI)- in these tests, the rubber formulation with the larger alkylstyrene content exhibits better characteristics (e.g. ozone resistance, hysteresis). This further suggests that it is known within the tire industry that it is not required to use a proportional relationship between the bromine content (in the alkylstyrene) and the alkylstyrene content when forming a copolymer of isomonoolefin and para-alkylstyrene.

Regarding claims 17 and 22, the rubber being added to the halogenated copolymer is an unsaturated rubber selected from natural rubber, styrene-butadiene rubber, polyisoprene, and polybutadiene rubber (Column 3, Lines 40-50).

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With respect to claim 18, Costemalle describes a preferred rubber content of between 30 and 70 phr of the blend, which incorporates the entire range of the claimed invention (Column 3, Lines 45-50).

Regarding claim 19, as set forth above, the blend (rubber and halogenated copolymer) is used in the manufacture of an outer tire sidewall layer.

With respect to claims 20 and 21, Costemalle suggests the inclusion of EPDM rubber in an amount between 1 and 40 phr, preferably 5-20 phr (Column 3, Lines 55-65).

Regarding claim 23, Costemalle specifically describes an embodiment in which the ratio is 0.28:1 between the halogenated copolymer and the rubber component (Column 3, Line 65+). It is further noted that one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention would have readily appreciated additional embodiments in which the claimed ratio is present and the sidewalls are non-white.

With respect to claims 24 and 25, the inner sidewall layer of Costemalle is formed of one or more unsaturated rubbers selected from the group comprising natural rubber, SBR rubber, and polybutadiene rubber (Column 4, Lines 9-17).

Regarding claims 26 and 27, Costemalle suggests that the preferred isomonoolefin is isobutylene (Column 6, Lines 25-35) and that the preferred alkylstyrene is bromo-methylstyrene (Column 6, Lines 15-20 and 25-30).

With respect to claim 28 and 29, the inner and/or outer sidewall layer of Costemalle contains fillers, including carbon black, clays, and silicas (Column 10, Lines 59-65).

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Regarding claim 30, Costemalle describes a preferred composition in which the copolymer is present in amount between 35 and 75 phr (Column 3, Lines 50-60).

Conclusion

- 3. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Nakamura (JP 06240050) discloses a sidewall rubber composition including a halogenated copolymer of isoolefin and para-methylstyrene, wherein said composition has improved ozone r4esistance and flex fatigue.
- 4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to **Justin R Fischer** whose telephone number is **(703) 605-4397** (if after December 18, 2003, (571) 272-1215). The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:30-4:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richard Crispino can be reached on (703) 308-3853. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9310.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

dustin Fischer

December 1, 2003

JEFTEH. AFTERGUT PRIMARY EXAMINET

GROUP 1300